

ROOFING REPLACEMENT

Permit required for more than 25% of roof replacement

EAST ROCKHILL TOWNSHIP

1622 Ridge Road, Perkasie, PA 18944

215-257-9156 fax 215-257-1299

www.EastRockhillTownship.org



Application Date: _____

Tax Parcel: 12- _____

Location: _____

Owner Name: _____

Street Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Phone No.: _____

Fax No.: _____

e-mail: _____

Owner **Signature**: _____

Contractor Name: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Phone No.: _____

Fax No.: _____

e-mail: _____

Contractor **Signature**: _____

By signing above, applicant certifies that all information given is correct and that all pertinent ordinances will be complied with in performing the work for which this permit is issued.

Estimated Cost \$ _____

Residential

Commercial

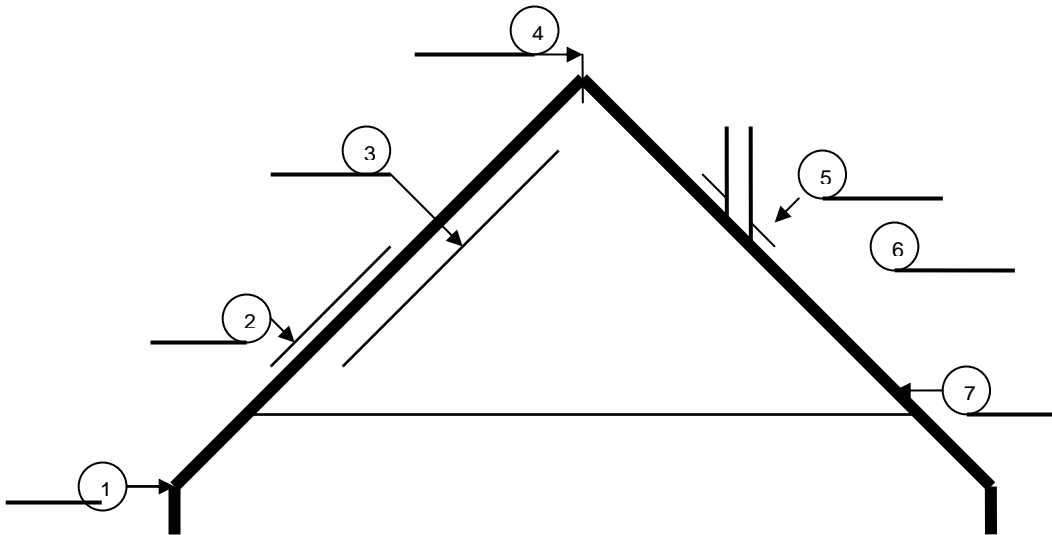
Type of Roof to be Installed (manufacturer's name, etc.): _____

Any portion of the roof decking being replaced? Yes No

If yes, what type and how thick? _____

Specify portion of roof to be repaired or replaced? _____

COMPLETE numbers 1 through 7 with the applicable information.



① Ice & Water Shield

② # lbs. Felt Paper

③ Sheathing

④ Ridge Vent

⑤ Penetrations/Flashing Material

⑥ Pitch

⑦ Shingle Type
(i.e. fiberglass, asphalt, metal)

INSPECTIONS REQUIRED:

- Prior to installation of finish roofing, check rated assemblies
- Final

****Township Use****

APPROVED

PERMIT No. _____ Date Issued: _____

Fee \$ _____ Check No. _____ Cash _____

Building Code Official

ROOFING TERMS YOU SHOULD KNOW

BUTT – The larger, exposed end of a shingle.

DECK – Plywood or oriented-strand board (OSB) sheathing used as a base for securing roofing materials.

DRIP EDGE – An L-shaped metal strip positioned along a roof's edges to allow water to run off roof without running down eaves or siding.

EAVE – On a sloped roof, the horizontal underside that projects out from house wall.

EXPOSURE – The part of a shingle that is exposed to the weather, usually less than half its actual length. Felt or underlayment—Asphalt-impregnated roofing paper that creates a secondary, water tight barrier between many roofing products and the roof deck.

FLASHING – Metal pieces that keep water from seeping into intersections such as valleys or joints at vertical walls, or around roof penetrations such as chimneys or vent pipes.

PITCH – Roof slope expressed as the ratio of a roofs rise (vertical distance) to each foot or run (horizontal distance). A “4-in-12 pitch” means the roof rises 4 inches for every 12 inches or horizontal distance.

RAFTERS – The framework that supports the roof deck and roofing. On a sloped roof, these are the angled timbers on the underside.

RAKE – The sloped edge of a roof over a wall.

RIDGE – The peak where two sloped roof sections meet.

SQUARE – A measurement of roof area that equals 100 square feet (an area 10 feet x 10 feet)

VALLEY – Angle formed where two sloping roof surfaces intersect.